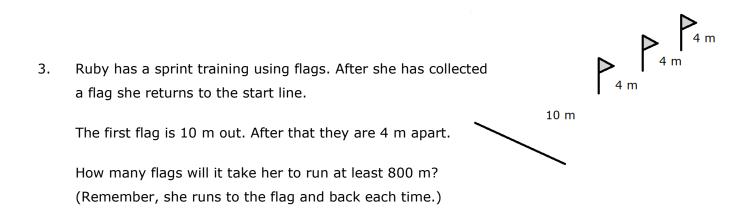
Sequences and Series Practice #4

$$t_{n} = a + (n - 1) d t_{n} = a r^{n - 1}$$

$$S_{n} = \frac{n}{2} [2a + (n - 1)d] S_{n} = \frac{a(r^{n} - 1)}{r - 1} S_{\infty} = \frac{a}{1 - r}$$

- 1. Rueben has started powerlifting. He can press 94.5 kg at present. His goal is to increase that by 1.5 kg every month. If he can do that:
 - a) How much will he be lifting in 24 months?
 - b) How long will it take him until he is lifting 120 kg?
- O C C
- A new combine harvester costs \$450,000. It is estimated to lose 15% of its value every year. How much will it be worth in ten years' time?



- 4. A charity collects \$20,000 in its first week of a new campaign. The next week it collects only 80% of that (\$16,000), and the week after that only 80% of that (\$12,800). If the pattern continues:
 - a) How much will it raise in the first 10 weeks?
 - b) They decide that if they are not getting at least \$2,000 in a week that the campaign should be stopped. Advise how long it should run for.
- 5. One Pacific island has 3,400 people, and is increasing by 2.5% a year. Another has 4,800 people, and is increasing by 1.8% a year. How long till they have the same number of people if those rates remain the same?

Answers: Sequences and Series Practice #4

1. a) How much will he be lifting in 24 months?

 $a = 94.5, d = +1.5, \text{ want } t_{24} t_n = a + (n - 1)d = 94.5 + (24 - 1) \times 1.5$ **129 kg**

b) How long will it take him until he is lifting 120 kg?

a = 94.5, d = +1.5, want $t_n = 140$ $t_n = a + (n - 1)d$ 120 = 94.5 + $(n - 1) \times 1.5$ Solving gives **18 months**

2. A new combine harvester costs \$450,000. It is estimated to lose 15% of its value every year. How much will it be worth in ten years' time?

a = 450,000, r = 0.85, n = 10 $t_{10} = a r^{n-1} = 450000 \times 0.85^{10-1}$ **\$60,398**

3. The first flag is 10 m out. After that they are 4 m apart. How many flags will it take her to run at least 800 m?

 $a = 20, d = +8, \text{ want } S_n = 800 \qquad S_n = \frac{n}{2}[2a + (n - 1)d]$ $800 = \frac{n}{2}[2 \times 20 + (n - 1) \times 8]$ Solving gives n = 12.28 So on the way to the **13th flag**

4. a) How much will it raise in the first 10 weeks?

a = 20,000, r = 0.8, n = 10 $S_{10} = \frac{a(r^n - 1)}{r - 1} = \frac{20000 \times (0.8^{10} - 1)}{0.8 - 1}$ \$89263

b) They decide that if they are not getting at least \$2,000 in a week that the campaign should be stopped. Advise how long it should run for.

a = 20000, r = 0.8, want $t_n > 2000$ $t_n = a r^{n-1}$ 2000 > 20000 × 0.80 ⁿ⁻¹ Solving gives n = 11.31 So should stop after **11 weeks**

5. 3,400 people increasing by 2.5% a year = 4,800 people increasing by 1.8% a year

 $t_n = a r^{n-1}$ 3400 × 1.025ⁿ⁻¹ = 4800 × 1.018ⁿ⁻¹ 3400 ÷ 4800 = (1.018 ÷ 1.025)ⁿ⁻¹ Solving gives n = 51.3 Soon after 51 years (at a population of around 11774)

Achieved = Q1 a), Q2 and Q4 a). Merit = Q1 b) and Q4 b). Excellence = Q3 and Q5.