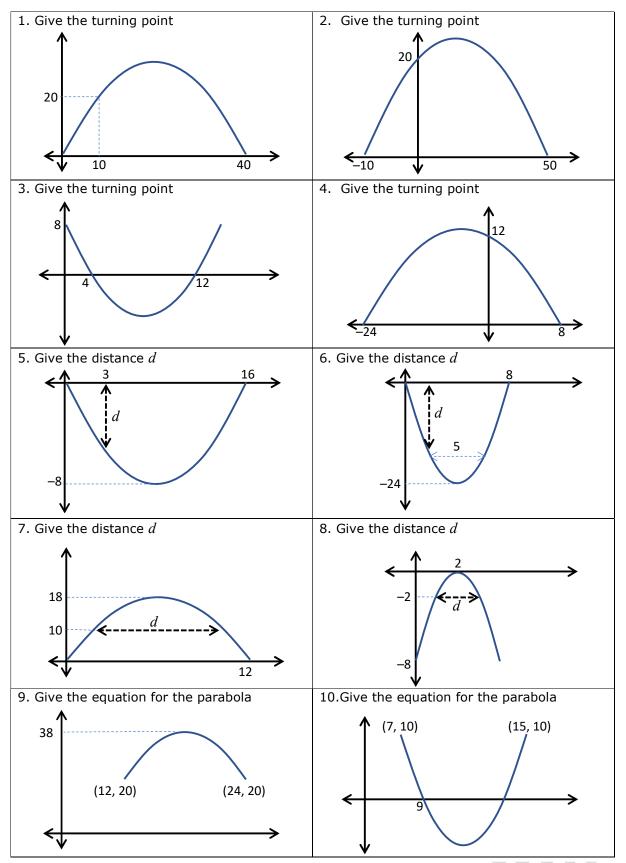
Harder Parabola Equations #3





Harder Parabola Equations #3 - Answers

1.
$$y = m x (x - 40)$$
 $20 = m \times 10 (10 - 40)$ $m = \frac{20}{-300} = \frac{-2}{15}$ turns at (20, 26.667)

2.
$$y = m (x + 10)(x - 50)$$
 $20 = m \times (0 + 10)(0 - 50)$ $m = \frac{20}{-500} = -0.04$ turns at (20, 36)

3.
$$y = m(x-4)(x-12)$$
 $8 = m \times (0-4)(0-12)$ $m = \frac{8}{48} = \frac{1}{6}$ turns at $(8, -2.667)$

4
$$y = m(x + 24)(x - 8)$$
 $12 = m \times (0 + 24)(0 - 8)$ $m = \frac{-12}{192} = -0.0625$ turns at (-8, 16)

5.
$$m = \frac{-8}{-64}$$
 $y = 0.125 x (x - 16)$ or $y = 0.125 (x - 8)^2 - 8$ putting $x = 3$ into either equation, $d = -4.875$

6.
$$m = \frac{-24}{-16}$$
 $y = 1.5 \ x \ (x - 8)$ or $y = 1.5 \ (x - 4)^2 - 24$
Middle 5, means from $x = 1.5$ to 6.5, putting in $x = 1.5$ gives $d = -14.625$

7.
$$m = \frac{18}{-36}$$
 $y = -0.5 x (x - 12)$ $y = -0.5 (x - 6)^2 + 18$
Solving $10 = -0.5 x (x - 12)$ gives $x = 2$ and $x = 10$, so $x = 10$

8.
$$m = \frac{-8}{4}$$
 $y = -2(x-2)^2$
Solving for $-2 = -2(x-2)^2$ gives $x = 1$ and 3, so $d = 2$

9.
$$y = m(x - 12)(x - 24)$$
 moved up 20 $y = -0.5(x - 12)(x - 24) + 20$
 $y = m(x - 18)^2 + 38$ $y = -0.5(x - 18)^2 + 38$

10.
$$y = m(x-7)(x-15)$$
 moved up 10 $(9,0)$ $y = \frac{5}{6}(x-7)(x-15) + 9$ $y = m(x-9)(x-13)$ $(7,10)$ $y = \frac{5}{6}(x-9)(x-13)$

