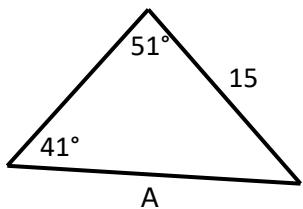


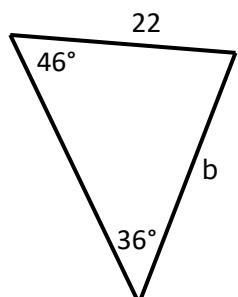
Level 2 Trigonometry Sine Rule

Calculate the unknown sides

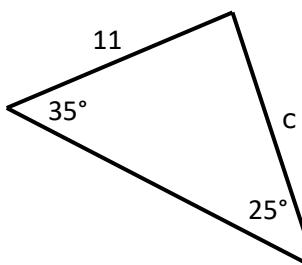
1. $A =$



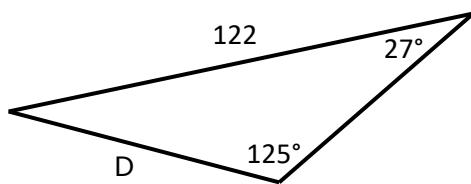
2. $b =$



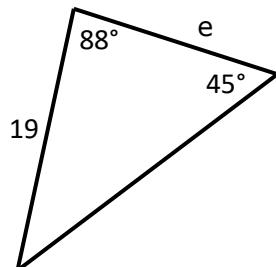
3. $c =$



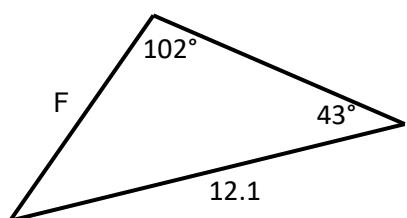
4. $D =$



5. $e =$

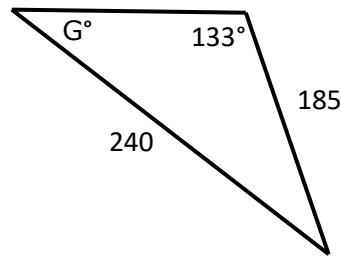


6. $F =$

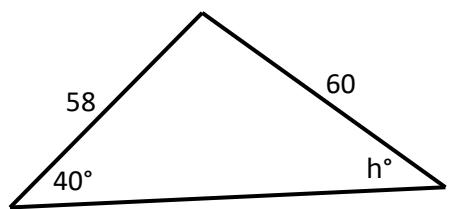


Calculate the unknown angles

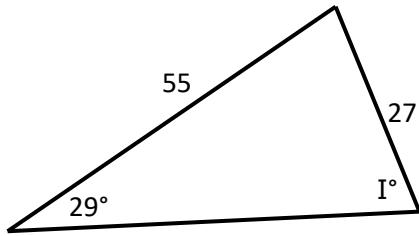
7. $G^\circ =$



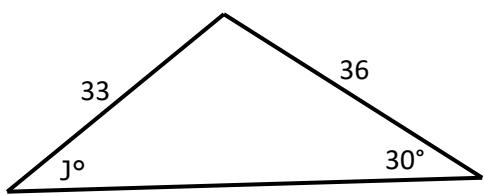
8. $h^\circ =$



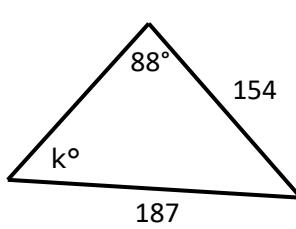
9. $I^\circ =$



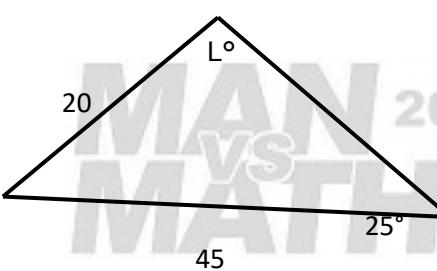
10. $J^\circ =$



11. $k^\circ =$



12. $L^\circ =$



Answers: Level 2 Trigonometry Sine Rule

$$1. \quad A = \frac{15}{\sin 41} \times \sin 51 = 17.769$$

$$2. \quad b = \frac{22}{\sin 36} \times \sin 46 = 26.924$$

$$3. \quad c = \frac{11}{\sin 25} \times \sin 35 = 14.929$$

$$4. \quad D = \frac{122}{\sin 125} \times \sin 27 = 67.615$$

$$5. \quad e = \frac{19}{\sin 45} \times \sin 88 = 26.854$$

$$6. \quad F = \frac{12.1}{\sin 102} \times \sin 43 = 8.437$$

$$7. \quad \sin G = \frac{\sin 133}{240} \times 185 = 0.56375 \quad G = \sin^{-1}(\text{Answer}) = 34.316^\circ$$

$$8. \quad \sin h = \frac{\sin 40}{60} \times 58 = 0.62136 \quad h = \sin^{-1}(\text{Answer}) = 38.416^\circ$$

$$9. \quad \sin I = \frac{\sin 29}{27} \times 55 = 0.98758 \quad I = \sin^{-1}(\text{Answer}) = 80.959^\circ$$

$$10. \quad \sin J = \frac{\sin 30}{33} \times 36 = 0.545454 \quad J = \sin^{-1}(\text{Answer}) = 33.055^\circ$$

$$11. \quad \sin k = \frac{\sin 88}{187} \times 154 = 0.82303 \quad k = \sin^{-1}(\text{Answer}) = 55.389^\circ$$

$$12. \quad \sin L = \frac{\sin 25}{20} \times 45 = 0.95089 \quad L = \sin^{-1}(\text{Answer}) = 71.969^\circ$$

Looking at the angle L though we see it is clearly much more than 71° , since it is more than 90° .

That is because if the Sine Rule is used on an angle over 90° it gives the wrong answer. You need to take the result away from 180° .

$$L = 180^\circ - 71.969^\circ = 108.030.$$

You will not be expected to know that at Achieved level.